The 28th Meeting of APEC Expert Group on Energy Data and Analysis (EGEDA) Putrajaya, Malaysia, 1-3 November, 2016

6. APERC's Research Activities

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Outline

- APERC research activities
 - APEC Energy Outlook 6th edition
 - APEC Energy Outlook 7th edition
 - Independent research projects
- APEC Energy Overview
- Monitoring APEC energy intensity goal



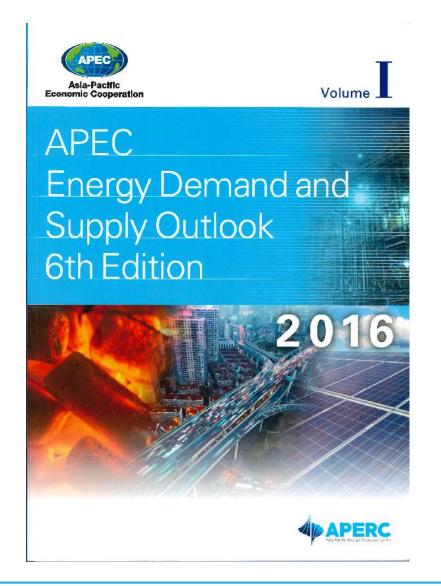


1. APERC's research activities





The 6th edition of the Outlook was published in May



- APERC has historically produced an APEC Energy Demand and Supply Outlook every 3 or 4 years
- The 6th Edition was published in May
- A 25-year look-ahead (2013-2040) assuming business-as-usual and several alternative cases



The Outlook is published in two volumes

Volume 1: Overall APEC demand and supply

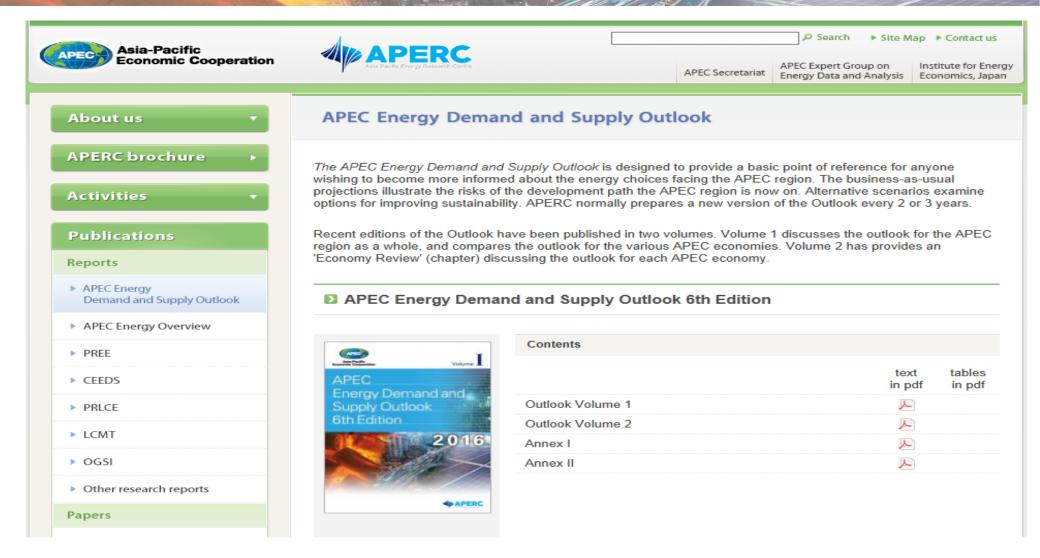
- Summary of key trends
- Energy demand outlook by sector
- Energy supply outlook by fuel type
- Alternative scenarios
- Energy Investment
- Energy security and climate change

Volume 2: Discussion of specific APEC economies

- Introduction to each economy's
 - Energy demand
 - Energy resources
 - Energy policies
- Business-as-usual scenario
- Alternative scenarios
 - Improved efficiency
 - High renewables
 - Alternative power mix



The Outlook is available on the APERC website



http://aperc.ieej.or.jp/publications/reports/outlook.php

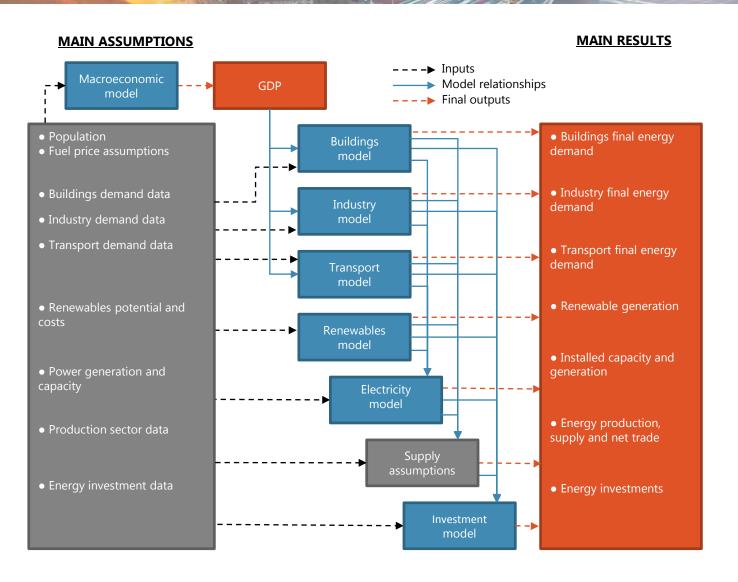


Five key Outlook trends highlight energy challenges

- 1. China and Southeast Asia drive APEC energy demand
- 2. Renewables is the fastest-growing energy source
- 3. Fossil fuels remain dominant in the energy mix
- 4. The APEC energy supply-demand gap widens
- 5. CO₂ emissions continue rising as coal remains the largest power source



6th Edition Outlook used seven models





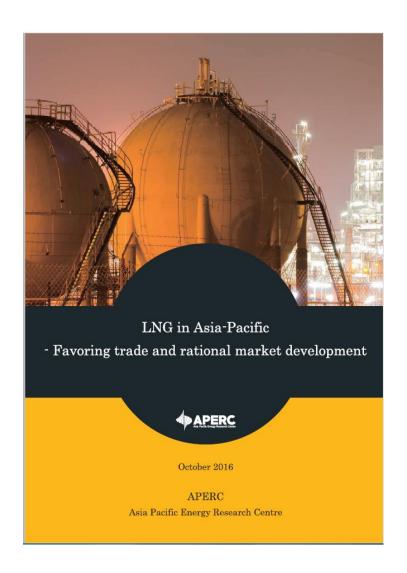
Modelling changes are planned for the 7th edition

- Extend forecast to 2050
- Reduce alternative scenarios from three to two
 - High renewables + improved efficiency
 - 2-degree rise in temperature
- Use OECD GDP forecasts
- Make buildings model activity driven
- Start to change industrial model from top-down to bottom up
- Add buses to the transportation model
- Distribute renewables to demand and electricity models
- Add a supply model



Much of the ongoing research is on the supply side

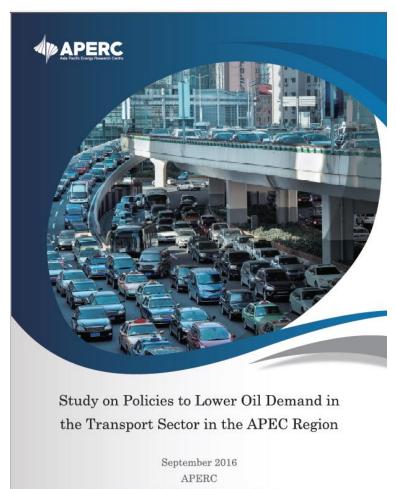
- Climate Change
- Security
- Oil
- Natural gas
- Renewables
- Nuclear
- Electricity





Demand-side research rounds out the program

- Climate change
- Industry
- Buildings
- Transportation



Asia Pacific Energy Research Centre





2. APEC Energy Overview





Energy Overview focuses on supply/demand, policy

- Introduction
- Energy Supply and Demand
 - Primary Energy Supply
 - Final Energy Consumption
- Energy Intensity Analysis
- Policy Overview
 - Energy Policy Framework
 - Energy Markets
 - Energy Efficiency
 - Renewable Energy
 - Climate Change
- Notable Energy Developments
- References
- Useful Links



Outlook tables use EGEDA data (1)

Table 1: Key data and economic profile, 2013

Key data ^{a, b}		Energy reserves ^c	
Area (million km²)	330 803	Oil (billion barrels)	5.9
Population (million)	29.5	Gas (trillion cubic metres)	2.8
GDP (2010 USD billion PPP)	658	Coal (million tonnes)	1 938
GDP (2010 USD PPP per capita)	22 321	Uranium (million tonnes)	_

Sources: a. EPU (2013); b. EGEDA (2015); c. EC (2014a).

Table 2: Energy supply and consumption, 2013

Primary energy supply (kto	e)	Final energy consumption (kto	e)	Power generation (GW	Power generation (GWh)		
Indigenous production	91 528	Industry sector	13 638	Total power generation	138 330		
Net imports and others	-6 387	Transport sector	19 751	Thermal	126 472		
Total primary energy supply	81 100	Other sectors	8 450	Hydro	10 586		
Coal	15 290	Non-energy	6 945	Nuclear	-		
Oil	31 648	Total final energy consumption	48 784	Others	1 272		
Gas	33 223	Coal	1 538				
Others	939	Oil	26 775				
		Gas	9 886				
		Electricity and others	10 585				

Note: For full details of the energy balance table, see www.ieej.or.jp/egeda/database/database-top.html.

Source: EGEDA (2015).



Outlook tables use EGEDA data (2)

Table 3: Energy intensity analysis, 2013

Energy	Energy intensity (toe/million USD)	Change (%)
	2012	2013	2012 vs 2013
Total primary energy supply	122	123	1.1
Total final energy consumption	71	74	4.4
Industry	24	21	-15
Transportation	24	30	25
Others	12.9	12.8	-0.6
Non-energy	9.6	10.6	9.7

Source: EGEDA (2015).

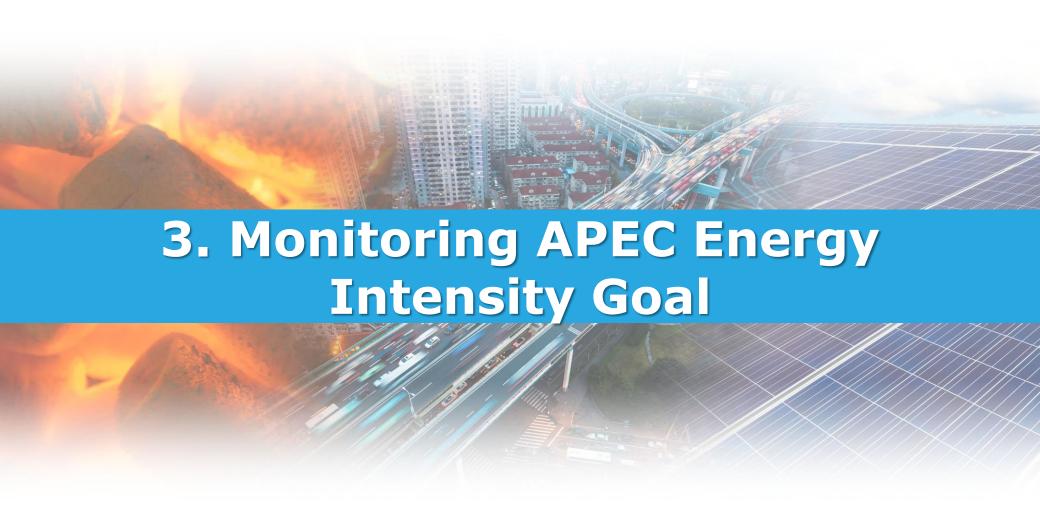


Overview tentatively goes to EGEDA in March 2017

Data Preparation
Final Data
Drafting
Send 1st Round Draft to Editor
Received 1st Draft
Send to EGEDA Members for comments
Send back to Researchers to incorporate EGEDA comments
2nd Round of Edits if needed (Outside Editor)
Finalization
For publication

September-October 2016
30 October 2016
1 November 2016 – 20 January 2017
1st week of February 2017
end of February 2017
1st week - 3rd week March 2017
27-31 March 2017
3-14 April 2017
16-29 April 2017
May 2017







Intensity goal uses three measures

Three measures of energy intensity are considered (only numerator varies)

- Primary energy supply
- Final energy consumption
- Final energy consumption excluding non-energy use

GDP is used as the denominator in all calculations

Energy intensity comparison (IEA vs APEC energy data)



Data comes from IEA and EGEDA

- ■Energy data
 - IEA available through 2014 (with 2015 estimates for OECD);
 - APEC data available up to 2014 as of October 2016 (through ESTO)
- □GDP data from World Bank (constant 2011 USD PPP data available through 2015)
- □Exceptions:
 - Papua New Guinea's energy data come from APEC under coordination of ESTO
 - Chinese Taipei's GDP data are estimated by APERC



Primary energy supply intensity improves over time

IEA primary energy supply intensity

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2005-2014	Trend to 2035
Change in primary energy	2.8%	3.4%	0.4%	-0.4%	6.1%	2.5%	1.4%	1.9%	1.0%	20.6%	
Change in GDP (2011 US \$PPP)	5.4%	5.6%	3.0%	0.0%	5.8%	4.3%	4.3%	3.7%	3.8%	42.2%	
Change in primary energy intensity	-2.5%	-2.1%	-2.6%	-0.3%	0.2%	-1.8%	-2.8%	-1.8%	-2.7%	-15.2%	-42.3%

- □ Primary energy intensity in 2014 improved by 2.7% compared with 2013;
- □ Annual improvement in primary energy intensity was on average 1.8% since 2006.

APEC primary energy supply intensity

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2005-2014	Trend to 2035
Change in primary energy	1.6%	4.1%	1.4%	0.0%	4.9%	4.1%	1.3%	1.7%	0.3%	20.8%	
Change in GDP (2011 US \$PPP)	5.4%	5.6%	3.0%	0.0%	5.8%	4.3%	4.3%	3.7%	3.8%	42.2%	
Change in primary energy intensity	-3.7%	-1.5%	-1.6%	0.0%	-0.9%	-0.3%	-2.9%	-2.0%	-3.3%	-15.1%	-42.0%

- □ Primary energy intensity in 2014 improved by 3.3% compared with 2013;
- □ Annual improvement in primary energy intensity was on average 1.8% since 2006.



...and final energy consumption intensity as well

IEA final energy consumption intensity

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2005-2014	Trend to 2035
Change in final energy	2.6%	3.4%	-0.1%	-0.7%	5.4%	2.7%	1.0%	2.9%	2.0%	20.7%	
Change in GDP (2011 US \$PPP)	5.4%	5.6%	3.0%	0.0%	5.8%	4.3%	4.3%	3.7%	3.8%	42.2%	
Change in final energy intensity	-2.7%	-2.1%	-3.0%	-0.7%	-0.4%	-1.6%	-3.2%	-0.8%	-1.7%	-15.1%	-42.1%

- ☐ Final energy intensity improved by 1.7% in 2014 as compared with 2013;
- □ Annual improvement in final energy intensity was on average 1.8% since 2006.

APEC final energy consumption intensity

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2005-2014	Trend to 2035
Change in final energy	2.2%	4.2%	0.4%	-1.4%	6.2%	4.2%	2.4%	1.7%	0.9%	22.6%	
Change in GDP (2011 US \$PPP)	5.4%	5.6%	3.0%	0.0%	5.8%	4.3%	4.3%	3.7%	3.8%	42.2%	
Change in final energy intensity	-3.1%	-1.3%	-2.5%	-1.4%	0.3%	-0.1%	-1.8%	-2.0%	-2.8%	-13.8%	-39.0%

- □ Final energy intensity improved by 2.8% in 2014 as compared with 2013;
- ☐ Annual improvement in final energy intensity was on average 1.6% since 2006.



... and final energy consumption intensity excluding non-energy

IEA final energy consumption intensity excluding non-energy (NE)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2005-2014	Trend to 2035
Change in final energy excluding non energy	2.6%	3.4%	0.5%	-1.2%	5.4%	2.8%	1.0%	2.7%	2.0%	20.7%	
Change in GDP (2011 US \$PPP)	5.4%	5.6%	3.0%	0.0%	5.8%	4.3%	4.3%	3.7%	3.8%	42.2%	
Change in final energy excluding non energy intensity	-2.5%	-2.0%	-7.5%	3.8%	-0.2%	-2.8%	-3.9%	0.9%	-1.7%	-15.0%	-41.9%

- ☐ Final energy consumption intensity excluding non-energy intensity in 2014 improved by 1.7% compared to 2013 and almost no improvement compared with final energy consumption in 2014 with 2005 as base;
- □ Annual improvement in final energy exc. NE intensity was on average 1.7% since 2006.

APEC final energy consumption intensity excluding non-energy (NE)

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2005-2014	Trend to 2035
Change in final energy excluding non energy	1.9%	4.0%	0.7%	-2.0%	5.8%	4.8%	2.4%	1.4%	0.5%	20.6%	
Change in GDP (2011 US \$PPP)	5.4%	5.6%	3.0%	0.0%	5.8%	4.3%	4.3%	3.7%	3.8%	42.2%	
Change in final energy excluding non energy intensity	-3.3%	-1.5%	-2.3%	-2.0%	0.0%	0.4%	-1.9%	-2.3%	-3.2%	-14.9%	-41.6%

- ☐ The reduction in final energy consumption intensity excluding non-energy in 2014 improved by 3.2% compared to 2013 and reduced by 1.1 percentage point compared to final energy intensity in 2014 with 2005 as base;
- □ Annual improvement in final energy exc. NE intensity was on average 1.8% since 2006.



Trends in IEA and APEC data are similar

Trend to 2035

	IEA (updated in Aug. 2016)	APEC (updated Oct. 2016)
	2005-2014 (EWG 52)	2005-2014 (EGEDA 28)
Primary energy supply intensity	-42.3%	-42.0%
Final energy consumption intensity	-42.1%	-39.0%
Final energy consumption intensity excluding non-energy	-41.9%	-41.6%

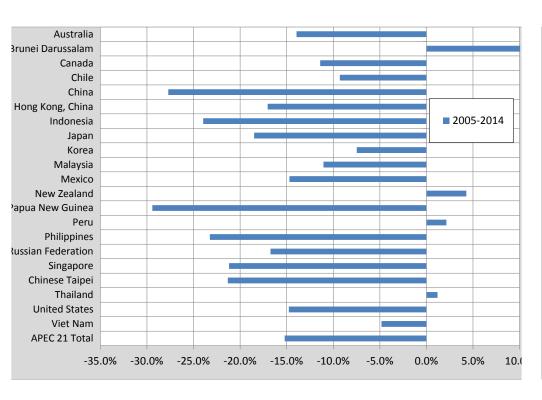
- In IEA data (2015 Nov. version), primary energy, final energy and final excluding non-energy intensities will all achieve the 45% reduction goal in **2038**.
- In APEC data (2016 Oct. version), primary energy and final energy excluding non-energy intensities achieve the 45% reduction goal in 2038, while final energy in 2041.



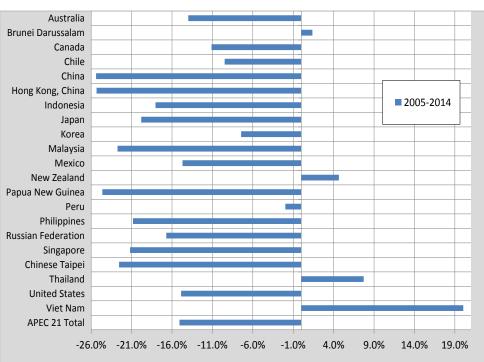
Economy level results show IEA/APEC differences (1)

Primary energy intensity

IEA data



APEC data

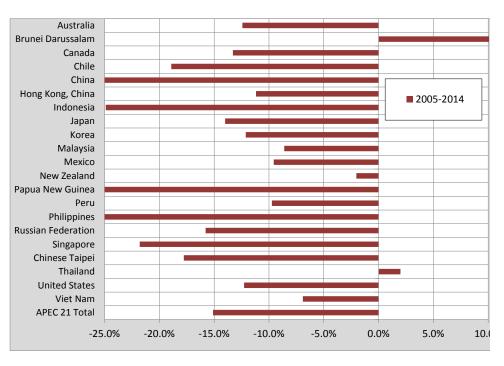




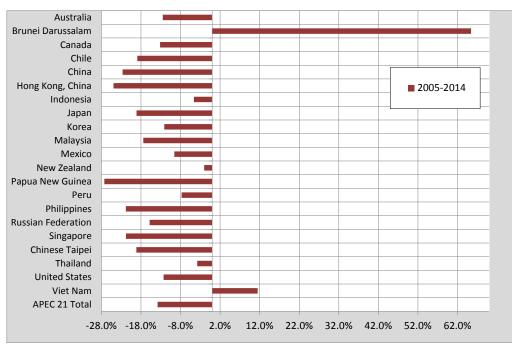
Economy level results show IEA/APEC differences (2)

Final energy intensity

IEA data



APEC data





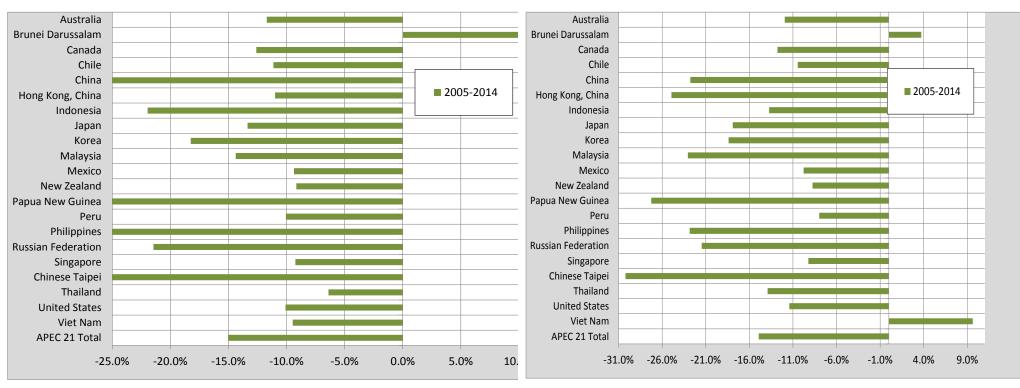
Economy level results show IEA/APEC differences (3)

APEC data

Final energy less non-energy intensity

IEA data

Australia Australia







Thank you for your kind attention

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