BECOME À LOW-CARBON CITY

OUOC

Huynh Quang Hung Vice Chairman of the Phu Quoc People's Committee

PHU

The 3rd APEC Low-Carbon Model Town Symposium 20 October 2019

CONTENTS

Overview of Phu Quoc

State of Phu Quoc's environmental quality

Environmental management

Aims of Phu Quoc and some ideas to approach and develop a Low-Carbon City

OVERVIEW OF PHU QUOC

Phu Quoc occupies a central position in Southeast

• Total of area: 593 square kilometers

Asia

BANGKOK

 Tropical monsoon climate; temperate climate; temperature from 25°C to 29°C

The forest area accounts for 67% of the island area

 A rich source of surface water and a dense network of rivers and brooks
 Fresh air

HI CHÚ: SÓNG HỔ HIỆN HỮU

KÝ HIỆU: ĐẤT RỮNG QUỐC GIA ĐẤT RỮNG PHÒNG HỘ SÔNG HỒ

Phu Quoc Forest







Mong Tay Island (Fingernail Island)

Population (2018) **146,000 people**

Visitors (2018) 2 million visitors



COMMERCE - SERVICE - TOURISM



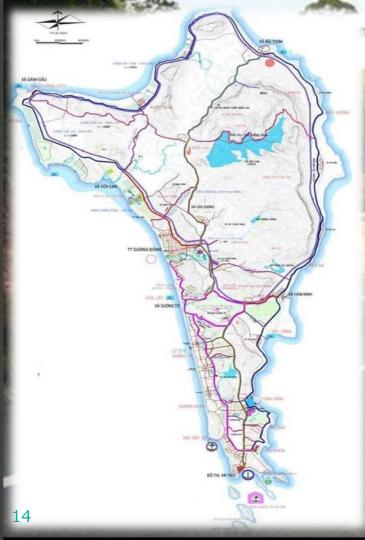
FISHERY



Phu Quoc Fish Sauce

Phu Quoc is a second class city under Kien Giang province.

- Main functions:
 - Eco-tourism center, high-end resorts and amusement;
 - Traffic center;
 - Scientific and technological research center;
 - Marineandforestbiodiversityconservation center.

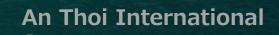


The urban public transport system is 60.72 kilometers in length, which is more and more improved to connect the whole island.

Using electric cars in tourism;

Organizing public passenger transport by bus to serve for traveling of citizens and visitors;

Developing clumps of trees in the traffic system.



International Passenger Port

International Airport

BILE OF THE THE TOTAL

1.1

17

Phu Quoc is connecting with the national power grid via the 110kV undersea cable system

and building the second overhead electricity cable (220kV)











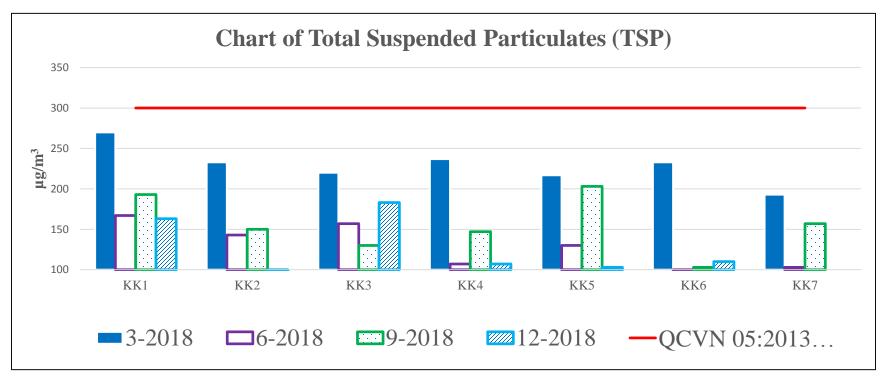
Nam Nghi Resort

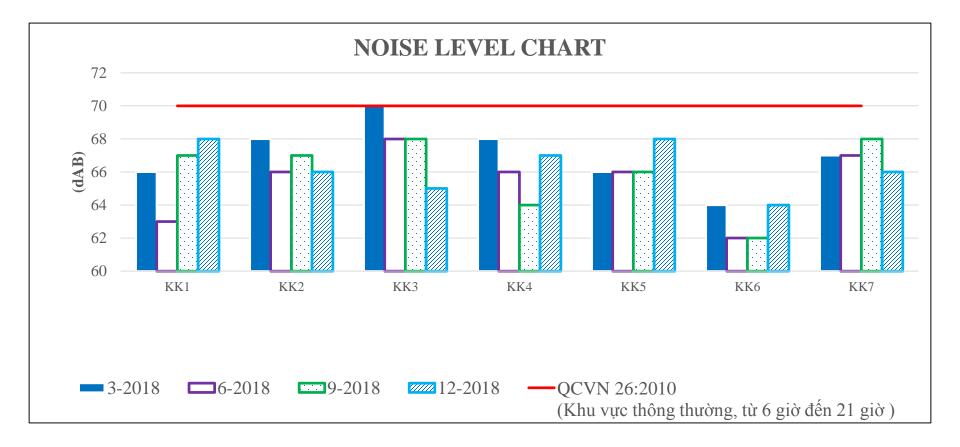
II II II II II II III MA

STATE OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

- Parameters of environmental quality monitoring have met the Vietnamese Standards for many years.
- State of environmental quality is evaluated quite well.
- At some monitoring sites, no toxic gases were detected such as carbon monoxide (CO) and sulfur dioxide (SO₂)

Some environment parameter comparison charts





ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION

- Phu Quoc always makes efforts to contribute to the socioeconomic development in accordance with environmentally sustainable development based on building long-term environmental protection policies and increasing investment in environmental projects;
- Phu Quoc has been expanding several programs and projects in the field of environment protection such as paying for the forest environmental service, the waste management project, the plan of action for managing marine plastic, the plan of organizing "Day for Phu Quoc Environment" etc.

28

ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION

- Collecting and treating household waste in the whole locality have reached over 80 percent. (The total amount of household waste collected in 2018 is about 70,000 tons of garbage, on average about 200 tons/day)
- Phu Quoc does not have a centralized wastewater treatment system, and wastewater is treated individually at production, business and household establishments
- Strengthening the inspection and supervision of production and business establishments and construction projects

Tasks of strengthening environmental protection management in the future

The process of urbanization and economic development puts great pressure on the island district's environment. It is necessary to have long-term strategic solutions that meet the urgent and immediate requirements.

Develop and implement environmental plans
Socialize the environmental protection
Increase the investment capital source
Strengthen regional links and international cooperation

- Build Phu Quoc island to develop sustainably
- Harmonize economic development with conservation of historical and cultural relics and environmental protection
- Gradually build Phu Quoc to become a coastal island city, tourist center with high-class services

- Focus on developing tourism service industry and activities of provision for tourism service
- Do not develop industry
- Promote the application of science and technology

 Carry out fuel conversion, apply smart transport technology and green transport technology

 Strive to save electricity from 5% which is equivalent to 19,500 tCO2 / year by 2020 compared to the demand of non-saving use

 Reduce electricity consumption, develop renewable energy

- Exploit and use land and natural resources reasonably and effectively
- Zone affected areas and functional areas of environmental protection
- Develop a system of environmental control in accordance with the functions of each region
- Protect the primeval forest ecosystem and maintain the forest area

- Exploit and use water source in accordance with the planning and technical process
- Control agricultural and forestry production activities
- Control of environmental quality in urban areas and tourist areas
- Build a regional environmental monitoring system
 Apply GIS to environmental management

SOME IDEAS TO APPROACH A LOW-CARBON TOWN

- Invest in building domestic waste treatment plants
- Invest in building the electric bus system
- Develop renewable energy projects
- Energy management model in buildings

THANK YOU FOR LISTENING!