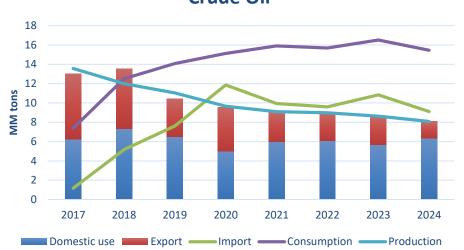
## Update on OIL AND GAS SECURITY (Socialist Republic of Vietnam)

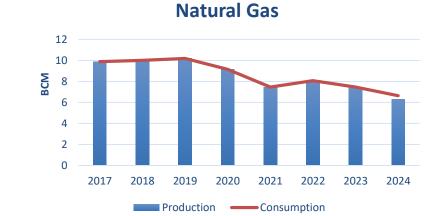
Oil, Gas and Coal Department Ministry of Industry and Trade of Vietnam SR

#### Oil, gas and petroleum production supply

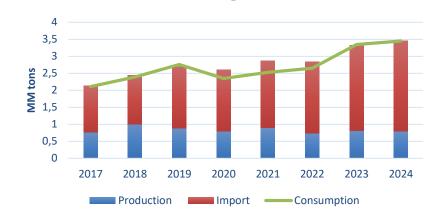
Vietnam



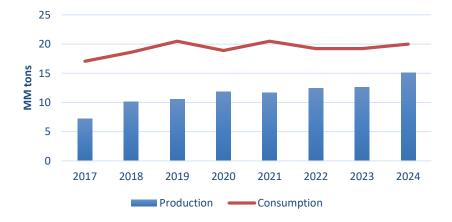
#### Crude Oil



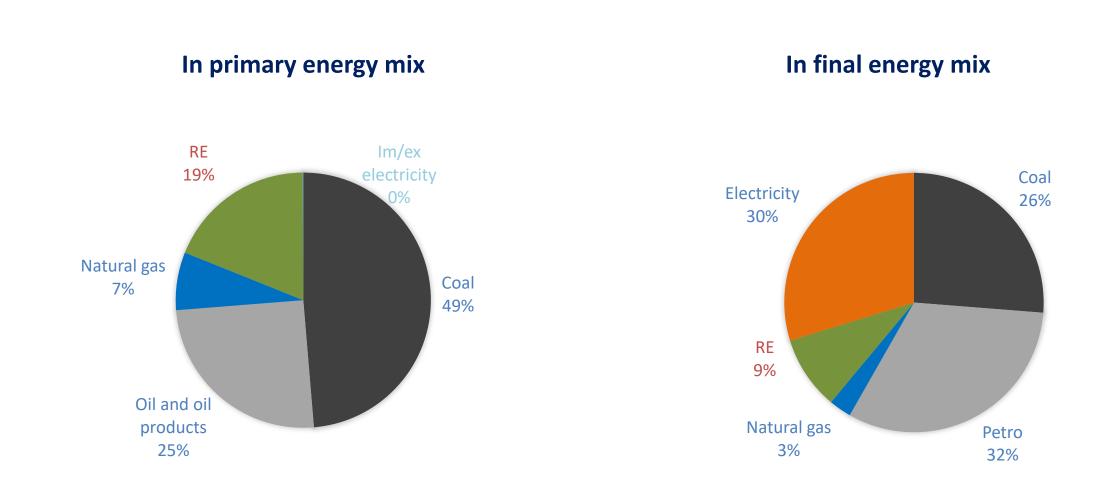
LPG



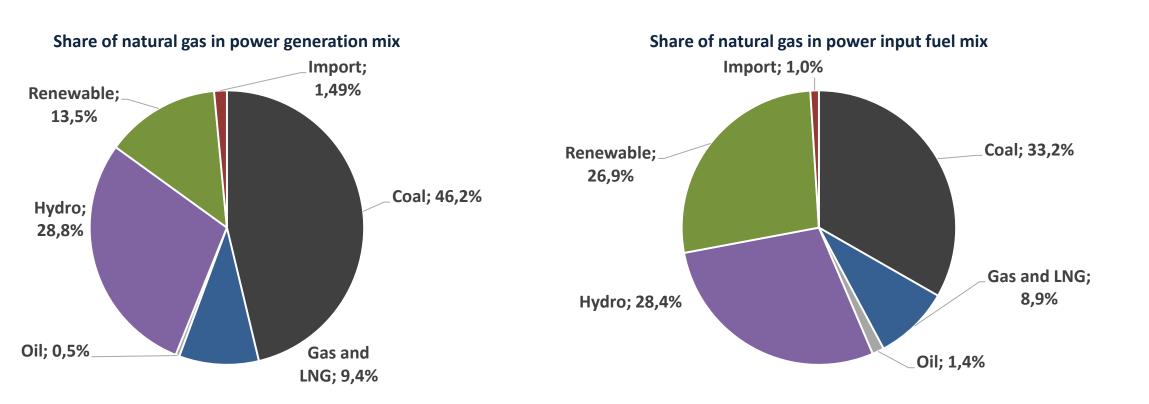
**Petroleum products** 



### Oil and gas in energy mix



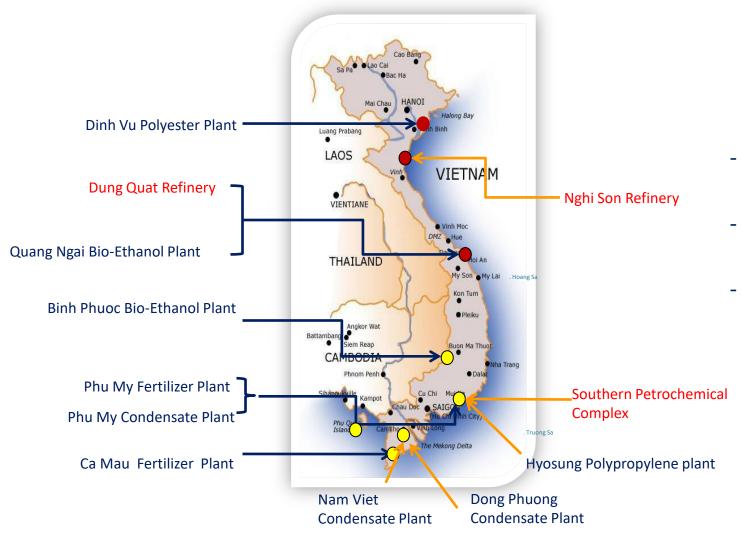
### Natural gas in power



Vietnam

### **Capacity of refineries and petroleum plants**

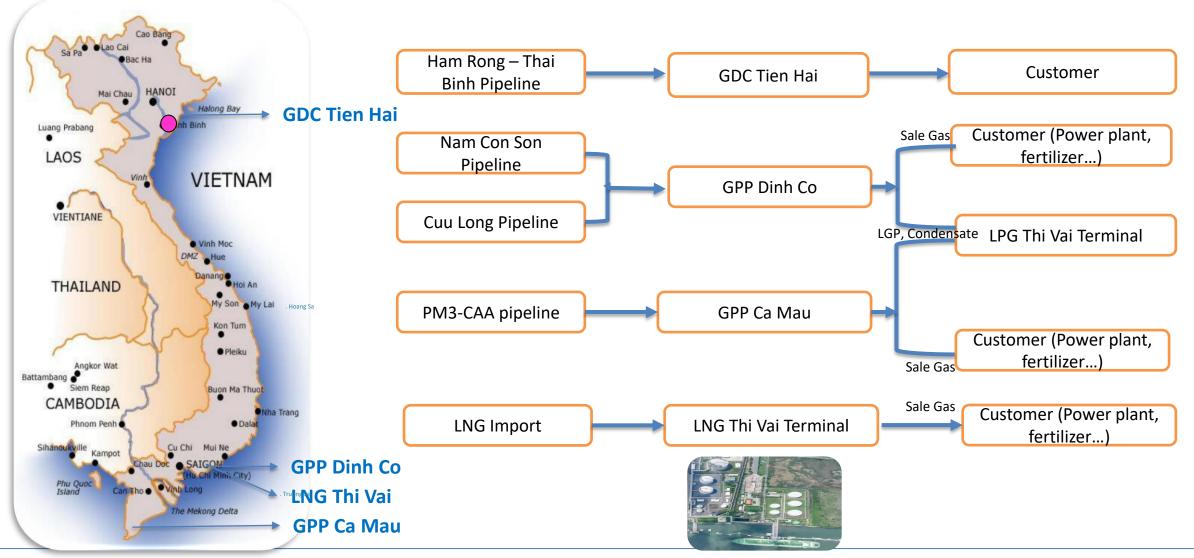
Vietnam



- Capacity of Dung Quat and Nghi Son refineries: 16.5 MM tons.
- Southern Petrochemical complex: 2.7 MM tons in 2024.
- 2028: Dung Quat Refinery upgrading and expansion project competed will increase the capacity to 7.6 MM tons.

### Accessibility of gas and LNG infrastructure

Vietnam



## **Policy and regulation framework (1)**

- Resolution 55-NQ/TW of the Politburo on orientation of Vietnam's National Energy Development Strategy through 2030, with a vision toward 2045
- National Energy Master Plan for period of 2021-2030, a vision to 2050
- National Energy Development Strategy of Vietnam to 2030, a vision to 2045
- Scheme on developing a competitive energy market to 2030, a vision to 2045
- Oil and Gas Industry Development Strategy toward 2025, orient to 2035
- Master plan on development of Vietnam's gas industry up to 2025, orientation to 2035
- National Master plan on infrastructure for petroleum and gas stockpiling and supply to 2030 and the orientation towards 2050
- Vietnam's Hydrogen energy development strategy through 2030, with a vision to 2050
- National Power Development Plan 8 (PDP8)
- Petroleum Law and relevant regulations

## **Policy and regulation framework (2)**

#### To the energy (oil and gas) security supply:

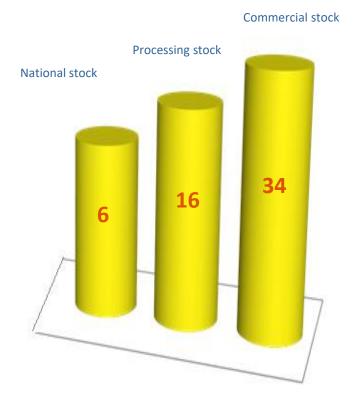
- ✓ Domestic fossil energy to judiciously exploit and use
- Energy stabilization, reservation, and stockpilling to ensure the implementation and oil stoking obligations
- ✓ Consideration of gas-fired power development
- ✓ Imports to meet sufficient demand of power plants
- A national energy system to optimally allocate the supply of all sources based on the advantages of each region and area at the local level

- The target for domestic production:
- + Oil production: 6-9.5 MM tons per year by 2030 and 7 9 MM tons/year by 2050
- + Gas production: 5.5 15 BCM/year by 2030 and aim for 10-15 BCM/year by 2050
- + Total capacity of refining upto 2025: 18 20 MM tons/year
- Develop gas infrastructure to ensure sufficient capacity to meet 100% of gas demand for power generation and other uses
- LNG import capacity reaches about 15.7 18.2 BCM by 2030 and about 10.6 12.2 BCM by 2050
- Oil refinery plants to meet at the minimum 70% of the domestic demand
- Oil and petroleum product stockpiling system: 80 days of net import by 2030, 90 days after 2030, in which:
  - -Commercial stockpilling: about 30-40 days
  - -Production stockpiling: about 20-25 days
  - -National reserves: 15-20 days by 2030, 25 30 days after 2030

## **Oil stockpilling regulation**

The total capacity of the stockpiling system of crude oil and petroleum products in Vietnam is about 56 days of net imports, in which:

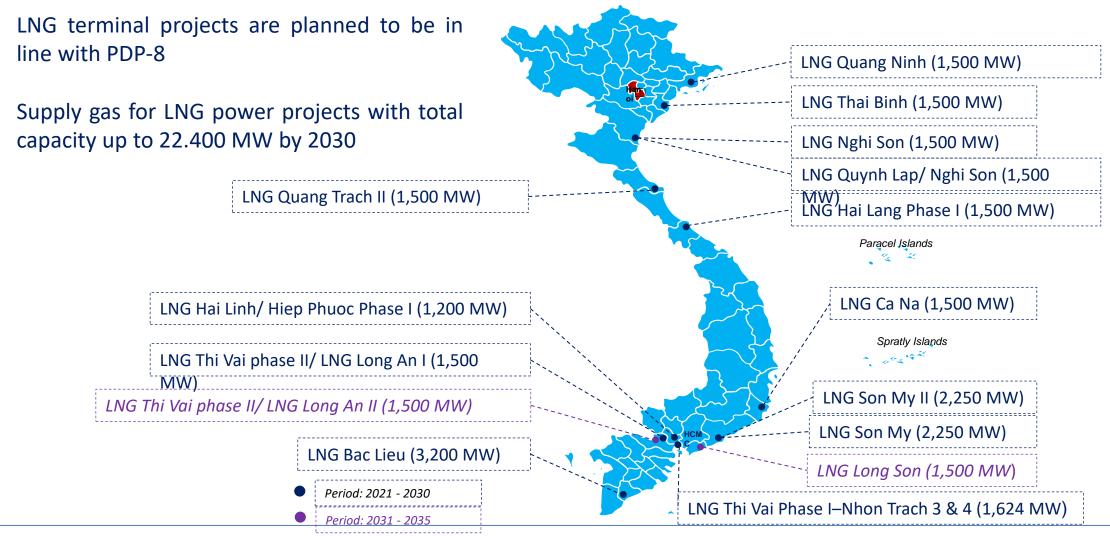
- Commercial stockpiling: 34 days of net imports (Stick to the goal)
- Producers' stockpiling: 16 days of net imports (at Dung Quat and Nghi Son Refinery)
- National stockpiling: 6 days of net imports (only petroleum products)



## List of LNG-to-power projects

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## List of hydrogen production projects

Vietnam

No.	Title of project	Projected capacity (1,000 tons/yr)
I	The 2026-2030 period	
1	Projects in the Northern region	100 - 200
2	Projects in the Central region	200 - 400
3	Projects in the Southern region	200 - 400
II	The 2031-2050 period	
1	Projects in the Northern region	1,000 - 6,000
2	Projects in the Central region	3,000 - 12,000
3	Projects in the Southern region	3,000 - 12,000

Vietnam

# THANK YOU VERY MUCH!